

1. Organization of outpatient care in the "Urology" profile for the adult population.
2. Pyelonephritis: diagnosis and treatment. Approaches to rational antibacterial therapy.
3. Kidney injuries: mechanisms of injury, classification, clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
4. Organization of inpatient care in the "Urology" profile for the adult population.
5. Cystitis: etiology, pathogenesis, clinical picture. Approaches to rational antibacterial therapy.
6. Ureteral injuries: mechanisms of injury, clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
7. Abnormalities of kidney development.
8. Cystitis: diagnosis and treatment.
9. Bladder injuries: mechanisms of injury, classification, clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
10. Abnormalities of the ureter and bladder.
11. Acute prostatitis: etiology, pathogenesis, classification, clinical picture.
12. Urethral injuries: mechanisms of injury, classification, clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
13. Prostatic hyperplasia: etiology, pathogenesis, clinical picture.
14. Acute prostatitis: approaches to conservative and surgical treatment.
15. Scrotal injuries: mechanisms of injury, classification, clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
16. Prostatic hyperplasia: diagnosis, differential diagnosis.
17. Urethritis: etiology, pathogenesis, clinical picture, treatment.
18. Urinary incontinence: causes, classification, clinic and diagnosis, approaches to conservative and surgical treatment.
19. Prostatic hyperplasia: indications, contraindications and methods of conservative therapy.
20. Orchepididymitis: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis, differential diagnosis, treatment.
21. Anatomy of the urinary bladder.
22. Prostatic hyperplasia: indications, contraindications and methods of surgical treatment.
23. Overactive bladder: etiology, clinic, diagnosis, approaches to conservative and surgical treatment.
24. Penile injuries: mechanisms of injury, classification, clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
25. Urolithiasis: etiology, pathogenesis, mechanisms of formation and classification of stones.
26. Hydrocele: etiology, classification, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and treatment.
27. Tuberculosis of the urinary system: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
28. Urolithiasis: clinic and differential diagnosis.
29. Varicocele: etiology, classification, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and treatment.
30. Acute renal injury: causes, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
31. Urolithiasis: conservative litokinetic and litholytic therapy.
32. Phimosis: etiology, pathogenesis, diagnosis and treatment.
33. Chronic kidney disease: causes, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
34. Urolithiasis: indications, contraindications and types of surgical treatment.
35. Kidney cysts: etiology, classification, clinic, diagnosis and treatment.
36. Pediatric urology: features of the course of diseases of the genitourinary system in children.
37. Paranephritis: etiology, pathogenesis, classification, clinical picture.
38. Spermatocele: etiology, clinic, diagnosis and treatment.
39. Polycystic kidney disease: etiology, classification, clinic, diagnosis and treatment.
40. Abnormalities of the ureter and bladder.
41. Acute prostatitis: etiology, pathogenesis, classification, clinical picture.
42. Urethral injuries: mechanisms of injury, classification, clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
43. Paranephritis: diagnosis and treatment. Approaches to rational antibacterial therapy.
44. Urethral strictures: causes, clinical picture, diagnosis, treatment.
45. Anatomy of the kidneys.
46. The basics of metaphylaxis of urolithiasis.
47. Chronic prostatitis: etiology, pathogenesis, clinical picture and classification.
48. Peyronie's disease: definition, classification, causes, clinical picture.
49. Urolithiasis: formal and casual mechanisms of stone formation, classification of stones of the urinary system.
50. Peyronie's disease: diagnostic algorithm, approaches to conservative and surgical treatment.
51. Anatomy of the fascial spaces of the retroperitoneal space.
52. Special forms of pyelonephritis: xanthogranulomatous and apostematous pyelonephritis.
53. X-ray diagnostic methods in urology
54. Anatomy of the organs of the scrotum.
55. Urodynamic methods of studying the organs of the urinary system.
56. Nephroptosis: definition, causes, classification, clinical picture.
57. Ormond's disease (retroperitoneal fibrosis).

58. Urosepsis: definition, causes, methods of diagnosis and treatment.
59. Nephroptosis: definition, classification, approaches to surgical treatment.
60. Hematuria: definition, classification, diagnosis and treatment.
61. Anuria: definition, classification, diagnosis and treatment.
62. Balanoposthitis: definition, clinic, diagnosis and treatment.
63. Differential diagnosis of prostate cancer and BPH.
64. Endoscopic methods of diagnosis and treatment in urology
65. Pyelonephritis of pregnant women: features of etiology and pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
66. Genital condilloma.
67. Acute urinary retention.
68. Necrotizing fasciitis of the genital organs (Fournier gangrene)
69. Obstructive pyelonephritis: causes, diagnosis. approaches to treatment.
70. Prostate abscess: definition, causes, diagnosis, treatment.
71. Chronic cystitis: features of pathogenesis and treatment.
72. Differential diagnosis of renal colic and acute surgical pathology.
73. Male infertility: definition, causes, diagnosis, treatment.
74. Genitourinary fistulas: definition, classification, diagnosis, treatment.
75. Priapism.
76. Prostatic hyperplasia: diagnosis, differential diagnosis.
77. Acute cystitis: etiology, pathogenesis, clinical picture. Approaches to rational antibacterial therapy.
78. Abnormalities of kidney development.
79. Bladder injuries: mechanisms of injury, classification, clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
80. Urolithiasis: conservative litokinetic and litholytic therapy.
81. Hydrocele: etiology, classification, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and treatment.
82. Varicocele: etiology, classification, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and treatment.
83. Urolithiasis: indications, contraindications and types of surgical treatment.
84. Polycystic kidney disease: etiology, classification, clinic, diagnosis and treatment
85. Pyelonephritis: diagnosis and treatment. Approaches to rational antibacterial therapy.
86. Urinary incontinence: causes, classification, clinic and diagnosis, approaches to conservative and surgical treatment.
87. Prostatic hyperplasia: indications, contraindications and methods of surgical treatment.
88. Overactive bladder: etiology, clinic, diagnosis, approaches to conservative and surgical treatment.
89. Penile injuries: mechanisms of injury, classification, clinic, diagnosis, treatment.
90. Urolithiasis: clinic and differential diagnosis.